一种 1,8-萘酰亚胺衍生物检测半胱氨酸荧光探针的合成及其在秀丽隐 杆线虫中成像中的运用

黄丽娜 王玉敏 李东晏 吴相华^{*}



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图 S1 向探针 TPFC-Acryloyl (20µmol/L) 中加入 400µmol/L 不同测试物质(Cys, Hcy, GSH, Ala, Glu, Arg, Ser, Lys, Asp, Gly, Leu, Tyr, His, Phe, Met, Val, Pro, Thr)的紫外吸收光谱图

Fig.S1 UV absorption spectra of probe TPFC-Acryloyl (20 µmol/L) upon addition of 400 µmol/L of different amino acids (Cys, Hcy, GSH, Ala, Glu, Arg, Ser, Lys, Asp, Gly, Leu, Tyr, His, Phe, Met, Val, Pro, Thr)



图 S2 探针 TPFC-Acryloyl 与不同物质反应后的荧光强度柱状图

Fig.S2 Histogram of fluorescence intensity after TPFC-Acryloyl reacted with different substances



图S3 探针TPFC-Acryloyl中加入不同倍数的Cys紫外光谱变化图

Fig.S3 The UV absorption changes of TPFC-Acryloyl after adding different concentration of Cys





Fig.S4 The relative fluorescence intensity changes of TPFC-Acryloyl after adding different equivalent of Cys





Fig.S5 ¹H NMR spectrum of probe TPFC-Acryloyl in DMSO



图S6 探针TPFC-Acryloyl在DMSO中的¹³C NMR谱

Fig.S6 ¹³C NMR spectrum of probe TPFC-Acryloyl in DMSO





Fig.S7 HRMS spectrum of probe TPFC-Acryloyl



图S8 探针TPFC-Acryloyl与Cys反应后的HRMS谱图

Fig.S8 HRMS spectrum of the reaction of probe TPFC-Acryloyl with Cys